

EMMA-(A01, A02)

User Manual

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About This Document

Purpose

This document describes the EMMA-A01 and EMMA-A02 (EMMA for short) in terms of safety precautions, product introduction, installation, electrical connections, power-on and commissioning, maintenance, and technical data. Read this document carefully before installing and using the EMMA.

Intended Audience

This document is intended for:

- Technical support engineers
- Hardware installation engineers
- Commissioning engineers
- Maintenance engineers

Symbol Conventions

The symbols that may be found in this manual are defined as follows.

Symbol	Description
	Indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a hazard with a medium level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a hazard with a low level of risk which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in equipment damage, data loss, performance deterioration, or unanticipated results. NOTICE is used to address practices not related to personal injury.

Symbol	Description
 NOTE	Supplements the important information in the main text. NOTE is used to address information not related to personal injury, equipment damage, and environment deterioration.

Change History

Issue	Release Date	Description
02	2023-10-31	This issue is the second official release. Updated 2.2 Networking .
01	2023-09-15	This issue is the first official release.

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1 Safety Information

1.1 Personal Safety

 DANGER

Ensure that power is off during installation. Do not install or remove a cable with power on. Transient contact between the core of the cable and the conductor will cause electric arcs, sparks, fire, or explosion, which may result in personal injury.

 DANGER

Non-standard and improper operations on the energized equipment may cause fire, electric shocks, or explosion, resulting in property damage, personal injury, or even death.

 DANGER

Before operations, remove conductive objects such as watches, bracelets, bangles, rings, and necklaces to prevent electric shocks.

 DANGER

During operations, use dedicated insulated tools to prevent electric shocks or short circuits. The dielectric withstanding voltage level must comply with local laws, regulations, standards, and specifications.

 DANGER

During operations, wear personal protective equipment such as protective clothing, insulated shoes, goggles, safety helmets, and insulated gloves.

General Requirements

- Do not stop protective devices. Pay attention to the warnings, cautions, and related precautionary measures in this document and on the equipment.
- If there is a likelihood of personal injury or equipment damage during operations, immediately stop, report the case to the supervisor, and take feasible protective measures.
- Do not power on the equipment before it is installed or confirmed by professionals.
- Do not touch the power supply equipment directly or with conductors such as damp objects. Before touching any conductor surface or terminal, measure the voltage at the contact point to ensure that there is no risk of electric shock.
- Do not touch operating equipment because the enclosure is hot.
- Do not touch a running fan with your hands, components, screws, tools, or boards. Otherwise, personal injury or equipment damage may occur.
- In the case of a fire, immediately leave the building or the equipment area and activate the fire alarm or call emergency services. Do not enter the affected building or equipment area under any circumstances.

Personnel Requirements

- Only professionals and trained personnel are allowed to operate the equipment.
 - Professionals: personnel who are familiar with the working principles and structure of the equipment, trained or experienced in equipment operations and are clear of the sources and degree of various potential hazards in equipment installation, operation, maintenance
 - Trained personnel: personnel who are trained in technology and safety, have required experience, are aware of possible hazards on themselves in certain operations, and are able to take protective measures to minimize the hazards on themselves and other people
- Personnel who plan to install or maintain the equipment must receive adequate training, be able to correctly perform all operations, and understand all necessary safety precautions and local relevant standards.
- Only qualified professionals or trained personnel are allowed to install, operate, and maintain the equipment.
- Only qualified professionals are allowed to remove safety facilities and inspect the equipment.
- Personnel who will perform special tasks such as electrical operations, working at heights, and operations of special equipment must possess the required local qualifications.
- Only certified high-voltage electricians are allowed to operate medium-voltage equipment.

- Only authorized professionals are allowed to replace the equipment or components (including software).
- Only personnel who need to work on the equipment are allowed to access the equipment.

1.2 Electrical Safety

DANGER

Before connecting cables, ensure that the equipment is intact. Otherwise, electric shocks or fire may occur.

DANGER

Non-standard and improper operations may result in fire or electric shocks.

DANGER

Prevent foreign matter from entering the equipment during operations. Otherwise, equipment damage, load power derating, power failure, or personal injury may occur.

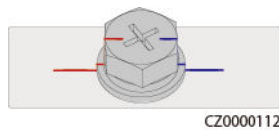
CAUTION

Do not route cables near the air intake or exhaust vents of the equipment.

General Requirements

- Follow the procedures described in the document for installation, operation, and maintenance. Do not reconstruct or alter the equipment, add components, or change the installation sequence without permission.
- Obtain approval from the national or local electric utility company before connecting the equipment to the grid.
- Observe the power plant safety regulations, such as the operation and work ticket mechanisms.
- Install temporary fences or warning ropes and hang "No Entry" signs around the operation area to keep unauthorized personnel away from the area.
- Before installing or removing power cables, turn off the switches of the equipment and its upstream and downstream switches.
- If any liquid is detected inside the equipment, disconnect the power supply immediately and do not use the equipment.

- Before performing operations on the equipment, check that all tools meet the requirements and record the tools. After the operations are complete, collect all of the tools to prevent them from being left inside the equipment.
- Before installing power cables, check that cable labels are correct and cable terminals are insulated.
- When installing the equipment, use a torque tool of a proper measurement range to tighten the screws. When using a wrench to tighten the screws, ensure that the wrench does not tilt and the torque error does not exceed 10% of the specified value.
- Ensure that bolts are tightened with a torque tool and marked in red and blue after double-check. Installation personnel mark tightened bolts in blue. Quality inspection personnel confirm that the bolts are tightened and then mark them in red. (The marks must cross the edges of the bolts.)



- After the installation is complete, ensure that protective cases, insulation tubes, and other necessary items for all electrical components are in position to avoid electric shocks.
- If the equipment has multiple inputs, disconnect all the inputs before operating the equipment.
- Before maintaining a downstream electrical or power distribution device, turn off the output switch on the power supply equipment.
- During equipment maintenance, attach "Do not switch on" labels near the upstream and downstream switches or circuit breakers as well as warning signs to prevent accidental connection. The equipment can be powered on only after troubleshooting is complete.
- Do not open equipment panels.
- Check equipment connections periodically, ensuring that all screws are securely tightened.
- Only qualified professionals can replace a damaged cable.
- Do not scrawl, damage, or block any labels or nameplates on the equipment. Promptly replace labels that have worn out.
- Do not use solvents such as water, alcohol, or oil to clean electrical components inside or outside of the equipment.

Cabling Requirements

- When selecting, installing, and routing cables, follow local safety regulations and rules.
- When routing power cables, ensure that there is no coiling or twisting. Do not join or weld power cables. If necessary, use a longer cable.
- Ensure that all cables are properly connected and insulated, and meet specifications.
- Ensure that the slots and holes for routing cables are free from sharp edges, and that the positions where cables are routed through pipes or cable holes are equipped with cushion materials to prevent the cables from being damaged by sharp edges or burrs.

- Ensure that cables of the same type are bound together neatly and straight and that the cable sheath is intact. When routing cables of different types, ensure that they are away from each other without entanglement and overlapping.
- When cable connection is completed or paused for a short period of time, seal the cable holes with sealing putty immediately to prevent small animals or moisture from entering.
- Secure buried cables using cable supports and cable clips. Ensure that the cables in the backfill area are in close contact with the ground to prevent cable deformation or damage during backfilling.
- If the external conditions (such as the cable layout or ambient temperature) change, verify the cable usage in accordance with the IEC-60364-5-52 or local laws and regulations. For example, check that the current-carrying capacity meets requirements.
- When routing cables, reserve at least 30 mm clearance between the cables and heat-generating components or areas. This prevents deterioration or damage to the cable insulation layer.
- When the temperature is low, violent impact or vibration may damage the plastic cable sheathing. To ensure safety, comply with the following requirements:
 - Cables can be laid or installed only when the temperature is higher than 0°C. Handle cables with caution, especially at a low temperature.
 - Cables stored at subzero temperatures must be stored at room temperature for at least 24 hours before they are laid out.
- Do not perform any improper operations, for example, dropping cables directly from a vehicle. Otherwise, the cable performance may deteriorate due to cable damage, which affects the current-carrying capacity and temperature rise.

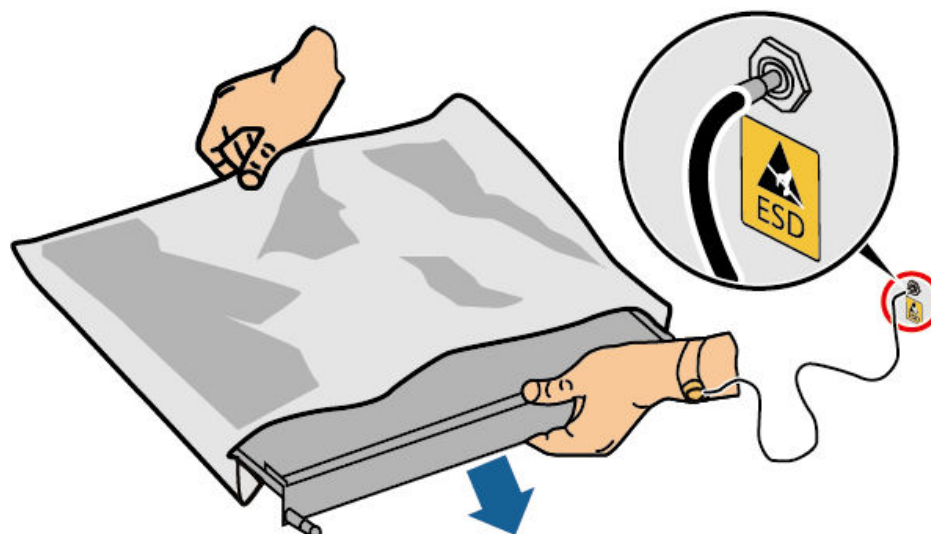
ESD

NOTICE

The static electricity generated by human bodies may damage the electrostatic-sensitive components on boards, for example, the large-scale integrated (LSI) circuits.

-
- When touching the equipment and handling boards, modules with exposed circuit boards, or application-specific integrated circuits (ASICs), observe ESD protection regulations and wear ESD clothing and ESD gloves or a well-grounded ESD wrist strap.

Figure 1-1 Wearing an ESD wrist strap



DC15000001

- When holding a board or a module with exposed circuit boards, hold its edge without touching any components. Do not touch the components with bare hands.
- Package boards or modules with ESD packaging materials before storing or transporting them.

1.3 Environment Requirements

DANGER

Do not expose the equipment to flammable or explosive gas or smoke. Do not perform any operation on the equipment in such environments.

DANGER

Do not store any flammable or explosive materials in the equipment area.

DANGER

Do not place the equipment near heat sources or fire sources, such as smoke, candles, heaters, or other heating devices. Overheat may damage the equipment or cause a fire.

 WARNING

Install the equipment in an area far away from liquids. Do not install it under areas prone to condensation, such as under water pipes and air exhaust vents, or areas prone to water leakage, such as air conditioner vents, ventilation vents, or feeder windows of the equipment room. Ensure that no liquid enters the equipment to prevent faults or short circuits.

 WARNING

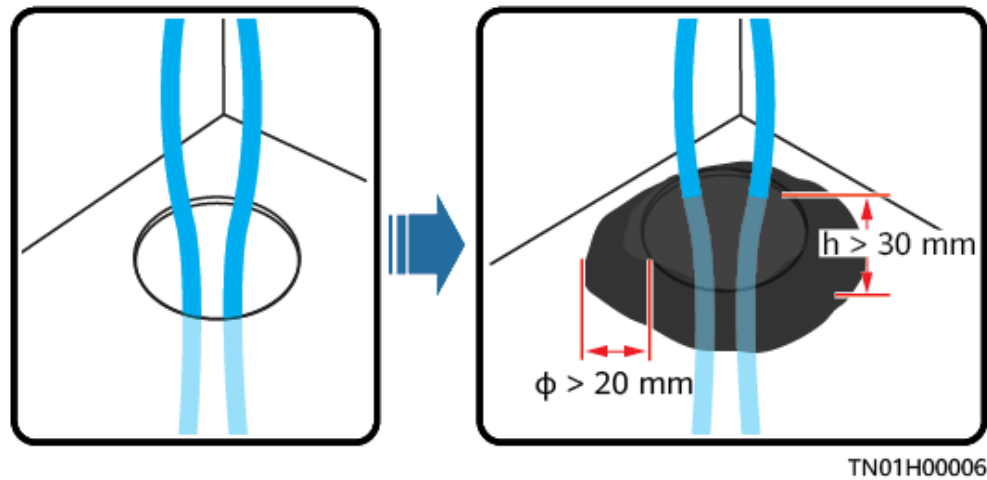
To prevent damage or fire due to high temperature, ensure that the ventilation vents or heat dissipation systems are not obstructed or covered by other objects while the equipment is running.

General Requirements

- Ensure that the equipment is stored in a clean, dry, and well ventilated area with proper temperature and humidity and is protected from dust and condensation.
- Keep the installation and operating environments of the equipment within the allowed ranges. Otherwise, its performance and safety will be compromised.
- Do not install, use, or operate outdoor equipment and cables (including but not limited to moving equipment, operating equipment and cables, inserting connectors to or removing connectors from signal ports connected to outdoor facilities, working at heights, performing outdoor installation, and opening doors) in harsh weather conditions such as lightning, rain, snow, and level 6 or stronger wind.
- Do not install the equipment in an environment with direct sunlight, dust, smoke, volatile or corrosive gases, infrared and other radiations, organic solvents, or salty air.
- Do not install the equipment in an environment with conductive metal or magnetic dust.
- Do not install the equipment in an area conducive to the growth of microorganisms such as fungus or mildew.
- Do not install the equipment in an area with strong vibration, noise, or electromagnetic interference.
- Ensure that the site complies with local laws, regulations, and related standards.
- Ensure that the ground in the installation environment is solid, free from spongy or soft soil, and not prone to subsidence. The site must not be located in a low-lying land prone to water or snow accumulation, and the horizontal level of the site must be above the highest water level of that area in history.
- Do not install the equipment in a position that may be submerged in water.
- If the inverter is installed in a place with abundant vegetation, in addition to routine weeding, harden the ground underneath the inverter using cement or gravel (the area shall be greater than or equal to 3 m x 2.5 m).
- Do not install the equipment outdoors in salt-affected areas because it may be corroded. A salt-affected area refers to the region within 500 m of the

coast or prone to sea breeze. Regions prone to sea breeze vary with weather conditions (such as typhoons and monsoons) or terrains (such as dams and hills).

- Before opening doors during the installation, operation, and maintenance of the equipment, clean up any water, ice, snow, or other foreign objects on the top of the equipment to prevent foreign objects from falling into the equipment.
- When installing the equipment, ensure that the installation surface is solid enough to bear the weight of the equipment.
- All cable holes must be sealed. Seal the used cable holes with sealing putty. Seal the unused cable holes with the caps delivered with the equipment. The following figure shows the criteria for correct sealing with sealing putty.



- After installing the equipment, remove the packing materials such as cartons, foam, plastics, and cable ties from the equipment area.

1.4 Mechanical Safety

DANGER

When working at heights, wear a safety helmet and safety harness or waist belt and fasten it to a solid structure. Do not mount it on an insecure moveable object or metal object with sharp edges. Make sure that the hooks will not slide off.

WARNING

Ensure that all necessary tools are ready and inspected by a professional organization. Do not use tools that have signs of scratches or fail to pass the inspection or whose inspection validity period has expired. Ensure that the tools are secure and not overloaded.



WARNING

Do not drill holes into the equipment. Doing so may affect the sealing performance and electromagnetic containment of the equipment and damage components or cables inside. Metal shavings from drilling may short-circuit boards inside the equipment.

General Requirements

- Repaint any paint scratches caused during equipment transportation or installation in a timely manner. Equipment with scratches must not be exposed for an extended period of time.
- Do not perform operations such as arc welding and cutting on the equipment without evaluation by the Company.
- Do not install other devices on the top of the equipment without evaluation by the Company.
- When performing operations over the top of the equipment, take measures to protect the equipment against damage.
- Use correct tools and operate them in the correct way.

Moving Heavy Objects

- Be cautious to prevent injury when moving heavy objects.



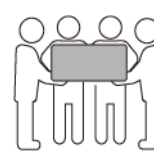
< 18 kg
(< 40 lbs)



18–32 kg
(40–70 lbs)



32–55 kg
(70–121 lbs)



55–68 kg
(121–150 lbs)



> 68 kg
(> 150 lbs)

CZ0000110

- If multiple persons need to move a heavy object together, determine the manpower and work division with consideration of height and other conditions to ensure that the weight is equally distributed.
- If two persons or more move a heavy object together, ensure that the object is lifted and landed simultaneously and moved at a uniform pace under the supervision of one person.
- Wear personal protective gears such as protective gloves and shoes when manually moving the equipment.
- To move an object by hand, approach to the object, squat down, and then lift the object gently and stably by the force of the legs instead of your back. Do not lift it suddenly or turn your body around.
- Do not quickly lift a heavy object above your waist. Place the object on a workbench that is half-waist high or any other appropriate place, adjust the positions of your palms, and then lift it.
- Move a heavy object stably with balanced force at an even and low speed. Put down the object stably and slowly to prevent any collision or drop from scratching the surface of the equipment or damaging the components and cables.

- When moving a heavy object, be aware of the workbench, slope, staircase, and slippery places. When moving a heavy object through a door, ensure that the door is wide enough to move the object and avoid bumping or injury.
- When transferring a heavy object, move your feet instead of turning your waist around. When lifting and transferring a heavy object, ensure that your feet point to the target direction of movement.
- When transporting the equipment using a pallet truck or forklift, ensure that the tynes are properly positioned so that the equipment does not topple. Before moving the equipment, secure it to the pallet truck or forklift using ropes. When moving the equipment, assign dedicated personnel to take care of it.
- Choose sea or roads in good conditions for transportation. Do not transport the equipment by railway or air. Avoid tilt or jolt during transportation.

Working at Heights

- Any operations performed 2 m or higher above the ground shall be supervised properly.
- Only trained and qualified personnel are allowed to work at heights.
- Do not work at heights when steel pipes are wet or other risky situations exist. After the preceding conditions no longer exist, the safety owner and relevant technical personnel need to check the involved equipment. Operators can begin working only after safety is confirmed.
- Set a restricted area and prominent signs for working at heights to warn away irrelevant personnel.
- Set guard rails and warning signs at the edges and openings of the area involving working at heights to prevent falls.
- Do not pile up scaffolding, springboards, or other objects on the ground under the area involving working at heights. Do not allow people to stay or pass under the area involving working at heights.
- Carry operation machines and tools properly to prevent equipment damage or personal injury caused by falling objects.
- Personnel involving working at heights are not allowed to throw objects from the height to the ground, or vice versa. Objects shall be transported by slings, hanging baskets, highline trolleys, or cranes.
- Do not perform operations on the upper and lower layers at the same time. If unavoidable, install a dedicated protective shelter between the upper and lower layers or take other protective measures. Do not pile up tools or materials on the upper layer.
- Dismantle the scaffolding from top down after finishing the job. Do not dismantle the upper and lower layers at the same time. When removing a part, ensure that other parts will not collapse.
- Ensure that personnel working at heights strictly comply with the safety regulations. The Company is not responsible for any accident caused by violation of the safety regulations on working at heights.
- Behave cautiously when working at heights. Do not rest at heights.

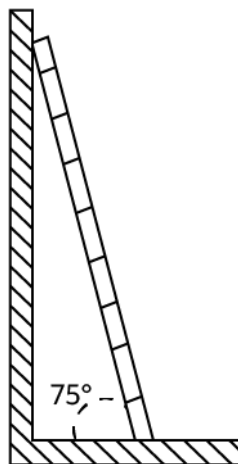
Using Ladders

- Use wooden or insulated ladders when you need to perform live-line working at heights.
- Platform ladders with protective rails are preferred. Single ladders are not recommended.
- Before using a ladder, check that it is intact and confirm its load bearing capacity. Do not overload it.
- Ensure that the ladder is securely positioned and held firm.



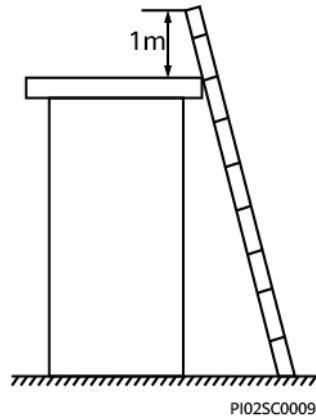
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- When climbing up the ladder, keep your body stable and your center of gravity between the side rails, and do not overreach to the sides.
- When a step ladder is used, ensure that the pull ropes are secured.
- If a single ladder is used, the recommended angle for the ladder against the floor is 75 degrees, as shown in the following figure. A square can be used to measure the angle.



PI025C0008

- If a single ladder is used, ensure that the wider end of the ladder is at the bottom, and take protective measures to prevent the ladder from sliding.
- If a single ladder is used, do not climb higher than the fourth rung of the ladder from the top.
- If you use a single ladder to climb up to a platform, ensure that the ladder is at least 1 m higher than the platform.



Drilling Holes

- Obtain consent from the customer and contractor before drilling holes.
- Wear protective equipment such as safety goggles and protective gloves when drilling holes.
- To avoid short circuits or other risks, do not drill holes into buried pipes or cables.
- When drilling holes, protect the equipment from shavings. After drilling, clean up any shavings.

2 Product Description

2.1 Model Description

This document involves the following product models:

- EMMA-A01
- EMMA-A02

Figure 2-1 Model description (using EMMA-A02 as an example)



Table 2-1 Model description

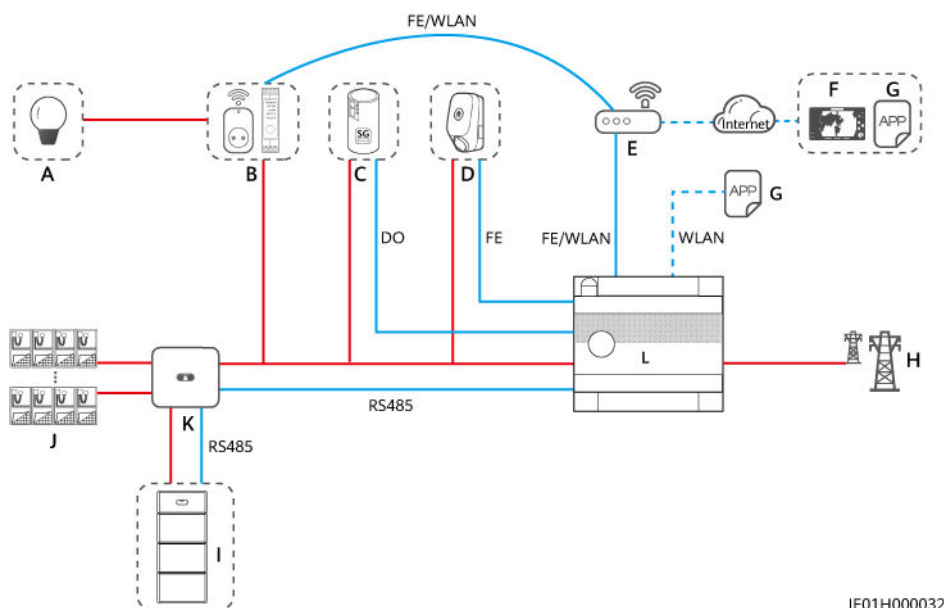
No.	Item	Description
1	Product family name	EMMA: smart home energy controller
2	Hardware ID	A: hardware platform version
3	Configuration ID	• 01: Only PV and energy storage system (ESS) features are supported. • 02: Features of PV, ESSs, smart chargers, and smart loads are supported.

2.2 Networking

The EMMA is a device that manages energy in a home with a PV system. It can implement unified scheduling and management of home energy. The EMMA has two models:

- EMMA-A01: Only PV and ESS features are supported. Plant-level power control functions, such as maximum self-consumption and grid-tied point control, are supported for unified scheduling of home energy and plant-level energy optimization, further improving the PV energy utilization.
- EMMA-A02: Features of PV, ESSs, smart chargers, and smart loads are supported. In addition to unified scheduling of home energy, the EMMA-A02 can **connect to smart loads such as chargers, SG Ready heat pumps, and smart switches**. Users can set the reservation time to charge vehicles and heat water in advance at the specified time. In addition, users can set the priority to use PV energy for devices as required to make the best use of PV energy.

Figure 2-2 Networking diagram (using the EMMA-A02 as an example)



- | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|--|
| (A) Power load | (B) Smart switch | (C) SG Ready heat pump |
| (D) Charger | (E) Router | (F) FusionSolar Smart PV Management System (SmartPVMS) |
| (G) FusionSolar app | (H) Power grid | (I) ESS |
| (J) PV string | (K) Inverter | (L) EMMA |

The networking is described as follows:

- The preceding figure uses the EMMA-A02 as an example. The EMMA-A01 cannot connect to smart electrical devices such as chargers, SG Ready heat pumps, and smart switches.
- Inverters connect to the EMMA over RS485. A maximum of three inverters can be connected in parallel.
- The EMMA is connected to the router through the FE or WLAN port.

- A maximum of two chargers can be connected.
 - If there is only one charger, it can be directly connected to the EMMA through the FE port or connected to the router through the FE or WLAN port.
 - If there are two chargers, they must be connected to the router only through the FE or WLAN port. Do not connect one charger to the EMMA and the other charger to the router respectively at the same time.
- The EMMA directly controls the SG Ready heat pump through dry contacts or an external relay.
- Smart switch devices (including smart sockets, smart circuit breakers, and smart relays) can be connected to the router through the FE or WLAN port.

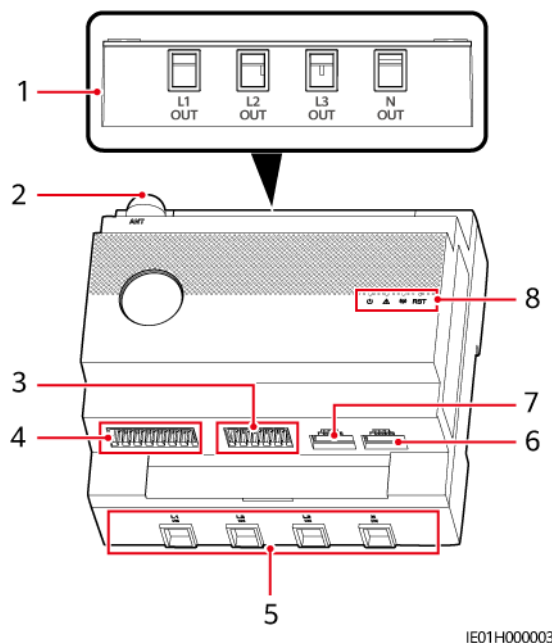
NOTICE

For details about the EMMA networking solution, see [Residential Smart PV Solution User Manual \(EMMA\)](#).

2.3 Appearance

Appearance and Ports

Figure 2-3 Appearance description



(1) AC output port (L1 OUT/L2 OUT/L3 OUT/N OUT)

(2) External WLAN antenna port (ANT)

- (3) 12 V input/RS485 communication/
external CT input port (12V_IN/
RS485/CT Input)

(4) RS485 communication/DI/12 V
output/DO port (RS485/DI/12
V_OUT/DO)
- (5) AC input port (L1 IN/L2 IN/L3 IN/N
IN)

(6) WAN port (WAN)
- (7) LAN port (LAN)

(8) LED indicator/RST button

Indicator Description

Table 2-2 LED indicator description

Indicator	Status	Description
Running status indicator 	Off	The EMMA is not powered on.
	Steady green	The EMMA is powered on and running.
Alarm indicator 	Off	No alarm is raised.
	Blinking red slowly (on for 1s and then off for 4s)	A warning or minor alarm is generated.
	Blinking red fast (on for 0.5s and then off for 0.5s)	A major alarm is generated.
	Steady red	A critical alarm is generated.
Communic ation status indicator 	Off	The EMMA has no communication with the management system.
	Blinking green slowly (on for 1s and then off for 1s)	The communication between the EMMA and the management system is normal.
	Blinking green fast (on for 0.125s and then off for 0.125s)	The communication between the EMMA and the management system is interrupted.

Button Description

Appearance	Definition	Triggering Method	Description
	WiFi module hibernation and wakeup	Hold down the button for 1s to 3s.	When the WiFi access point (AP) is idle and disabled, you can hold down the button for 1s to 3s to wake up the WiFi AP.
	Human-machine account password restoration	Hold down the button for 10s to 60s.	• Restore the login passwords of the human-machine accounts, such as local installer and user accounts to the initial passwords. • Reset the login password of the local WiFi AP.
	Factory settings restoration	Hold down the button for more than 60s.	The EMMA restarts and restores factory settings. NOTICE All data except communication networking parameters, historical alarms, and performance data will be restored to factory settings. Exercise caution when performing this operation.

2.4 Label Description

Enclosure Labels

Table 2-3 Enclosure labels

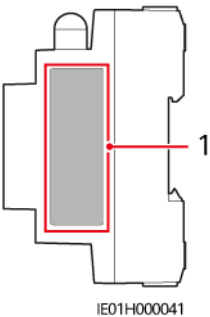
Symbol	Name	Meaning
	High voltage warning label	Be careful of electric shocks at high voltage.

Symbol	Name	Meaning
SN: XXXXXXXXXXXXX REGKEY: XXXXXXXX SSID: HEMS-XXXXXXXXXXXX PSW: XXXXXXXX	Device information	• SN: serial number. • REGKEY: registration code for registering the FusionSolar Smart PV Management System (SmartPVMS) on the app. • SSID: WLAN hotspot name. • PSW: password for logging in to the WLAN.
	QR code	Scan the QR code to connect to the EMMA WLAN and securely access the FusionSolar SmartPVMS.

Product Nameplate

The following figure shows the position of the nameplate, including the trademark, product model, key technical specifications, compliance symbols, company name, and place of origin.

Figure 2-4 Position of the nameplate



(1) Position of the nameplate

3 Storage Requirements

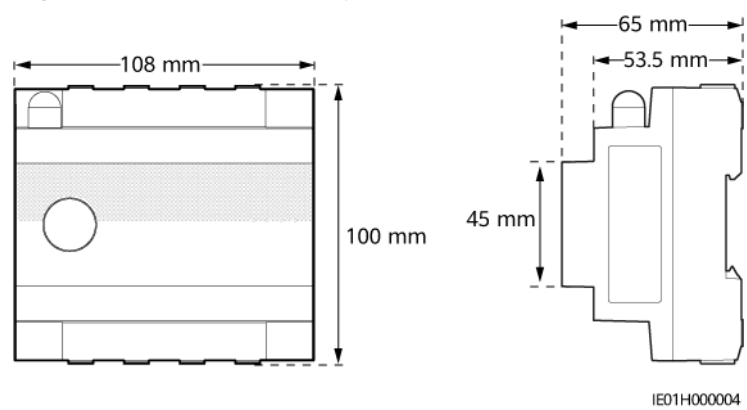
If the EMMA is not used immediately, store it according to the following requirements:

- Do not remove the packaging. Check the packaging regularly (once every three months recommended). Replace any packaging that is damaged during storage. If the EMMA is unpacked but not put into use immediately, place it inside the original package with the desiccant bag, and seal it using tape.
- Store the EMMA at the temperature range of -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ and relative humidity range of 5% to 95% without condensing. The air must not contain corrosive or flammable gases.
- Store the EMMA in a clean and dry place and protect it from dust and moisture. The EMMA must be protected against rain and water.
- If the EMMA has been stored for more than two years, it must be checked and tested by professionals before use.

4 Installation

4.1 Installation Requirements

Figure 4-1 Installation requirements



4.2 Preparing Tools

Table 4-1 Personal protective equipment (PPE)

			
Safety helmet	Goggles	Reflective vest	Insulated shoes

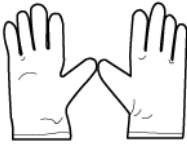
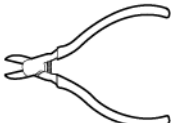
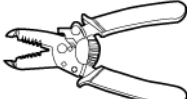
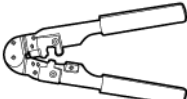
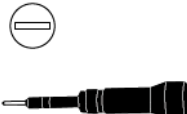
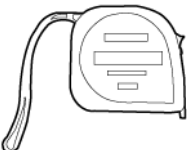
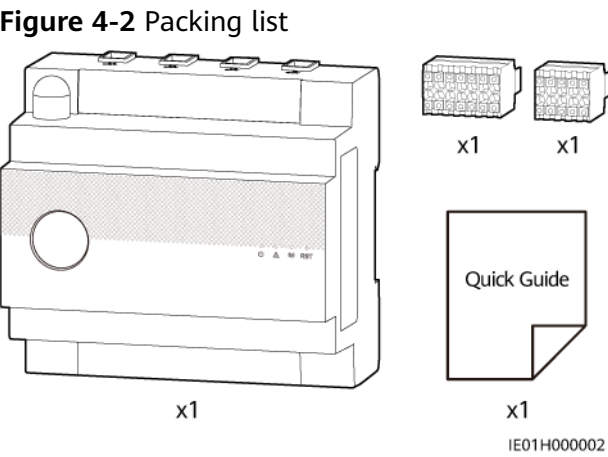
			
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) gloves	Insulated gloves	Protective gloves	Dust mask

Table 4-2 Installation tools

			
Cable cutter	Diagonal pliers	Wire stripper	RJ45 crimping tool
			
Flat-head insulated torque screwdriver	Phillips insulated torque screwdriver	Utility knife	Marker
			
Steel measuring tape	Cable tie	Multimeter	Eject pin

4.3 Checking Before the Installation



Check Item	Check Criteria
Outer package	Before unpacking the product, check the outer packaging for damage, such as holes and cracks, and check the product model. If any damage is found or the model is not what you requested, do not unpack the product and contact your vendor as soon as possible.
Deliverable	Check the number of deliverables according to the packing list and check whether there is any obvious external damage. If any part is missing or damaged, contact your vendor.

4.4 Installing the EMMA

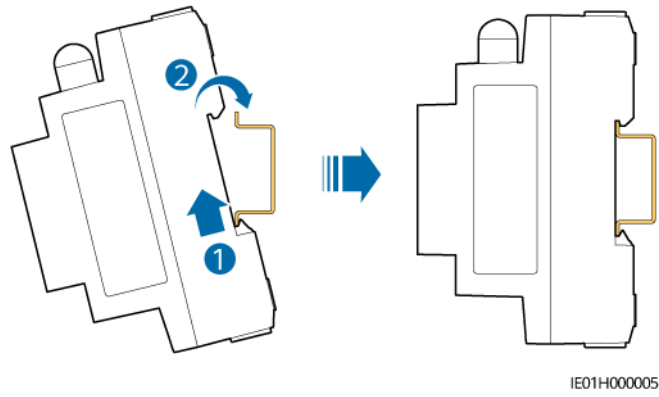
Context

Install the EMMA on the DIN 35 mm standard guide rail of the AC power distribution box in which a surge protective device must be configured.

Procedure

- Step 1** Clamp the EMMA onto the DIN 35 mm standard guide rail from bottom to top, and push the EMMA upwards.
- Step 2** Fasten the EMMA to the guide rail.

Figure 4-3 Installing the EMMA



----End

5 Electrical Connections

DANGER

- The site must be equipped with qualified fire fighting facilities, such as fire sand and carbon dioxide fire extinguishers.
 - Wear personal protective equipment and use dedicated insulated tools to avoid electric shocks or short circuits.
-

WARNING

- Equipment damage caused by incorrect cable connections is not covered by the product warranty.
 - Only certified electricians are allowed to connect cables.
 - Operation personnel must wear PPE when connecting cables.
 - Before connecting cables to ports, leave enough slack to reduce the tension on the cables and prevent poor cable connections.
-

CAUTION

Stay away from the equipment when preparing cables to prevent cable scraps from entering the equipment. Cable scraps may cause sparks and result in personal injury and equipment damage.

NOTE

The cable colors shown in cable connection schematic diagrams are for reference only. Select cables according to local cable specifications.

5.1 Preparing Cables

NOTICE

- This document uses the EMMA-A02 as an example to describe electrical connections. The EMMA-A01 supports only the PV and ESS features. Therefore, do not connect signal cables of chargers, heat pumps, and other intelligent electrical equipment to the EMMA.
- The minimum cable cross-sectional area must meet local standards.
- The factors to be considered in cable selection include the rated current, cable type, routing mode, ambient temperature, and maximum acceptable line loss.

Figure 5-1 Cable connection diagram: internal CT connection (current ≤ 63 A)

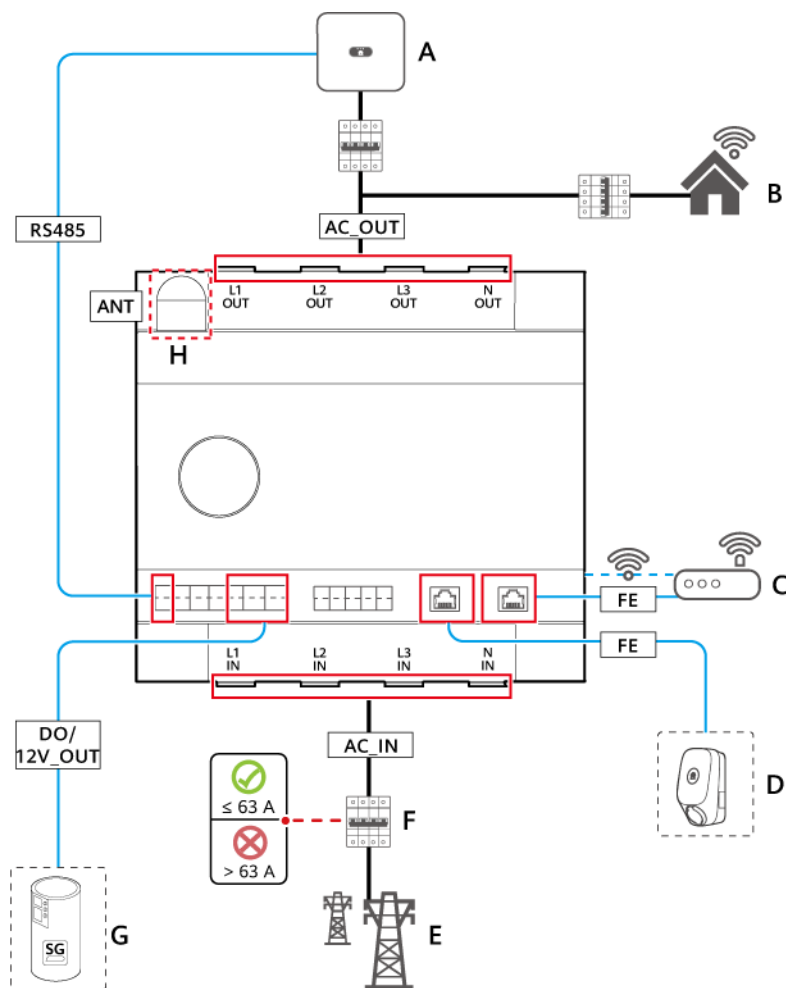
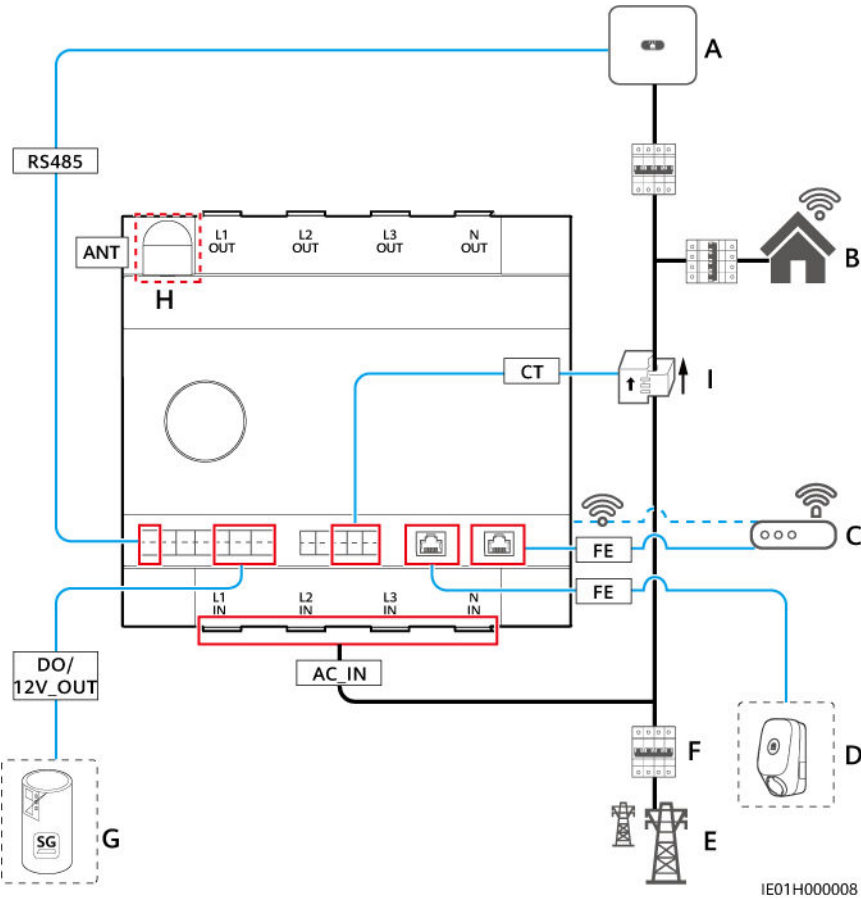


Figure 5-2 Cable connection diagram: external CT connection (current > 63 A)



- (A) Inverter
- (B) Residential load
- (C) Router
- (D) Charger
- (E) Power grid
- (F) Main circuit breaker
- (G) SG Ready heat pump
- (H) External WLAN antenna
- (I) External CT

Table 5-1 Recommended cable specifications

Item	Name	Type	Conductor Cross-Sectional Area	Source
AC_IN AC_OUT	AC input power cable AC output power cable	Outdoor copper cable (temperature resistance ≥ 90°C)	- Internal CT connection: 16 mm² - External CT connection: 6 mm² to 16 mm²	Prepared by the customer

Item	Name	Type	Conductor Cross-Sectional Area	Source
RS485	RS485 communications cable	Two-core outdoor shielded twisted pair cable	0.2 mm ² to 1.5 mm ² (0.5 mm ² recommended)	Prepared by the customer
CT	(Optional) External CT cable	Two-core or multi-core twisted pair cable	0.2 mm ² to 1.5 mm ² (0.5 mm ² recommended)	Prepared by the customer
DO	DO signal cable	Two-core or multi-core twisted pair cable	0.2 mm ² to 1.5 mm ² (0.5 mm ² recommended)	Prepared by the customer
12V_OUT	12 V output cable	Two-core or multi-core twisted pair cable	0.2 mm ² to 1.5 mm ² (0.5 mm ² recommended)	Prepared by the customer
FE	FE communications cable	Cat 5e network cable, internal resistance ≤ 1.5 ohms/10 m RJ45 connector	0.12 mm ² to 0.2 mm ² (0.2 mm ² recommended)	Prepared by the customer
ANT	(Optional) External WLAN antenna	External antenna with the RP-SMA-J port	-	Prepared by the customer

Table 5-2 Recommended external CT specifications

Turn Ratio	Accuracy	Test Point	Percentage at Rated Current				
			1%	5%	20%	100%	120%
≥ 2000:1	0.2	Difference (%)	±0.40	±0.20	±0.20	±0.20	±0.20
		Angle difference (')	±30	±15	±10	±10	±10

NOTE

- Secondary side: 50 mA
- Primary side: $N \times 50$ A ($N \geq 2$, and N is an integer)
- The external CT communications cables are shorter than or equal to 30 m and not routed separately. It is recommended that the cables be routed through pipes.

Table 5-3 Recommended external WLAN antenna specifications

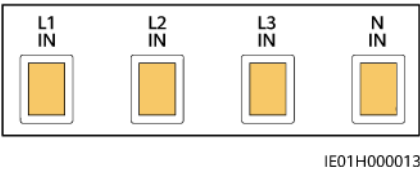
Item	Specifications
Frequency range	2400–2500 MHz
Gain	2.5–4 dBi
Direction	All directions
Voltage standing wave ratio (VSWR)	≤ 2
Polarization	Linear polarization
Efficiency	≥ 30%
Maximum input power	1 W
Impedance	50 Ω
Connector	RP-SMA-J
Operating temperature	–40°C to +85°C
Operating humidity	5%–95% RH

5.2 Connecting the AC Power Cable or External CT Cable

The EMMA supports internal CT connection (current ≤ 63 A) or external CT connection (current > 63 A).

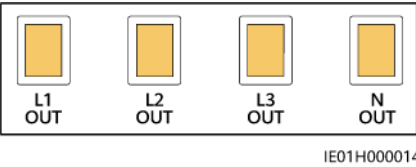
Context

Figure 5-3 AC input power cable ports



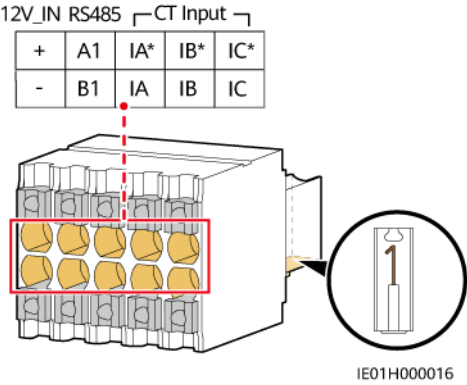
Port	Pin	Function	Description
AC-IN	L1-IN	AC input power cable L1	Connect to the power grid.
	L2-IN	AC input power cable L2	
	L3-IN	AC input power cable L3	
	N-IN	AC input power cable N	

Figure 5-4 AC output power cable ports



Port	Pin	Function	Description
AC-OUT	L1-OUT	AC output power cable L1	Supply power to loads in internal CT connection mode.
	L2-OUT	AC output power cable L2	
	L3-OUT	AC output power cable L3	
	N-OUT	AC output power cable N	

Figure 5-5 10-pin connector

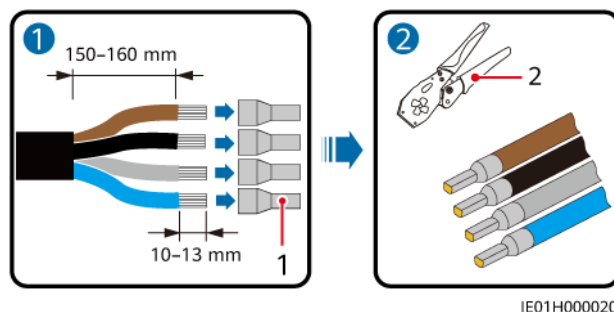


Port	Pin	Function	Description
12V_IN	+	12 V power input+	Used only in the SmartGuard scenario for the whole-house power backup. The SmartGuard provides 12 V DC power for the EMMA when the EMMA is in offline mode.
	-	12 V power input-	
RS485	A1	RS485A, RS485 differential signal+	Used to connect to the SmartGuard.
	B1	RS485B, RS485 differential signal-	
CT Input	IA*	External CT input phase A+	Used to connect to an external CT.
	IA	External CT input phase A-	
	IB*	External CT input phase B+	
	IB	External CT input phase B-	
	IC*	External CT input phase C+	
	IC	External CT input phase C-	

Procedure

Step 1 Prepare cord end terminals for AC power cables and determine whether to prepare external CT cables as needed.

1. You are advised to prepare cord end terminals for AC power cables.

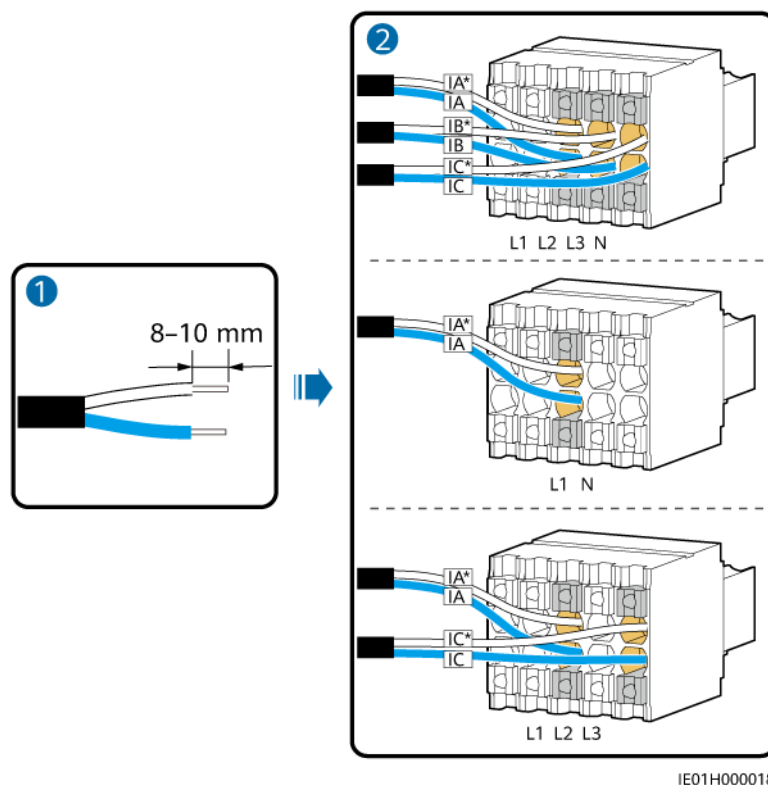


(1) Cord end terminal

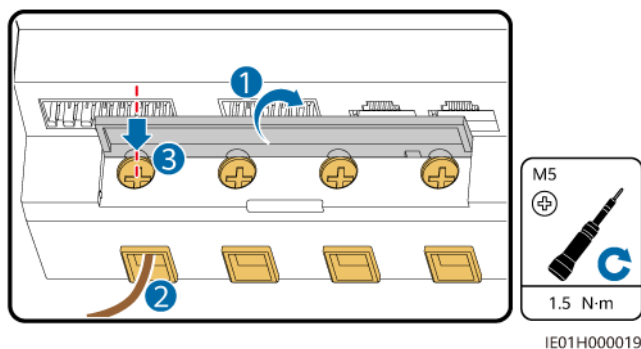
(2) Crimping tool

2. (Optional) For the external CT connection, connect the external CT cables to the 10-pin signal connector.

Figure 5-6 Connecting the external CT cables to the 10-pin connector

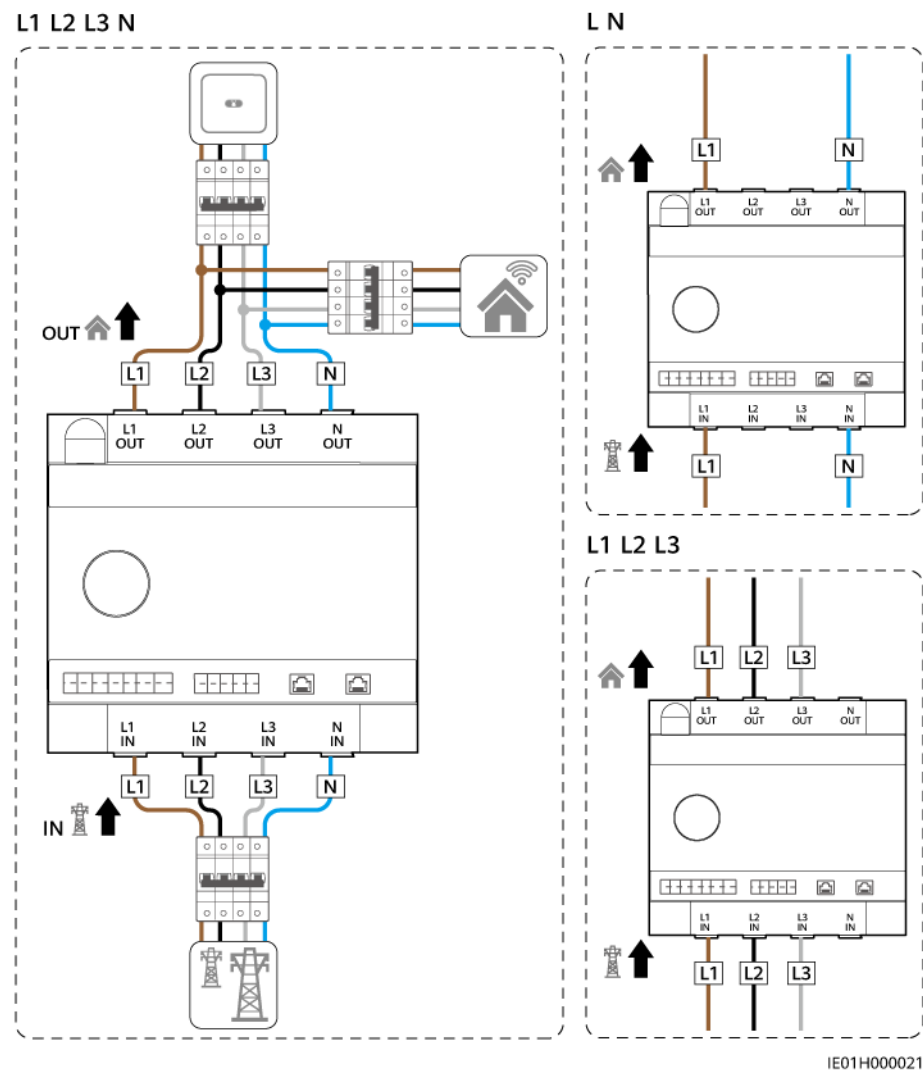


Step 2 Open the protective cover of the cable fixing screw, insert the AC power cable into the AC input port, and tighten the screw.



Step 3 Connect all AC power cables and external CT cables based on the power grid connection.

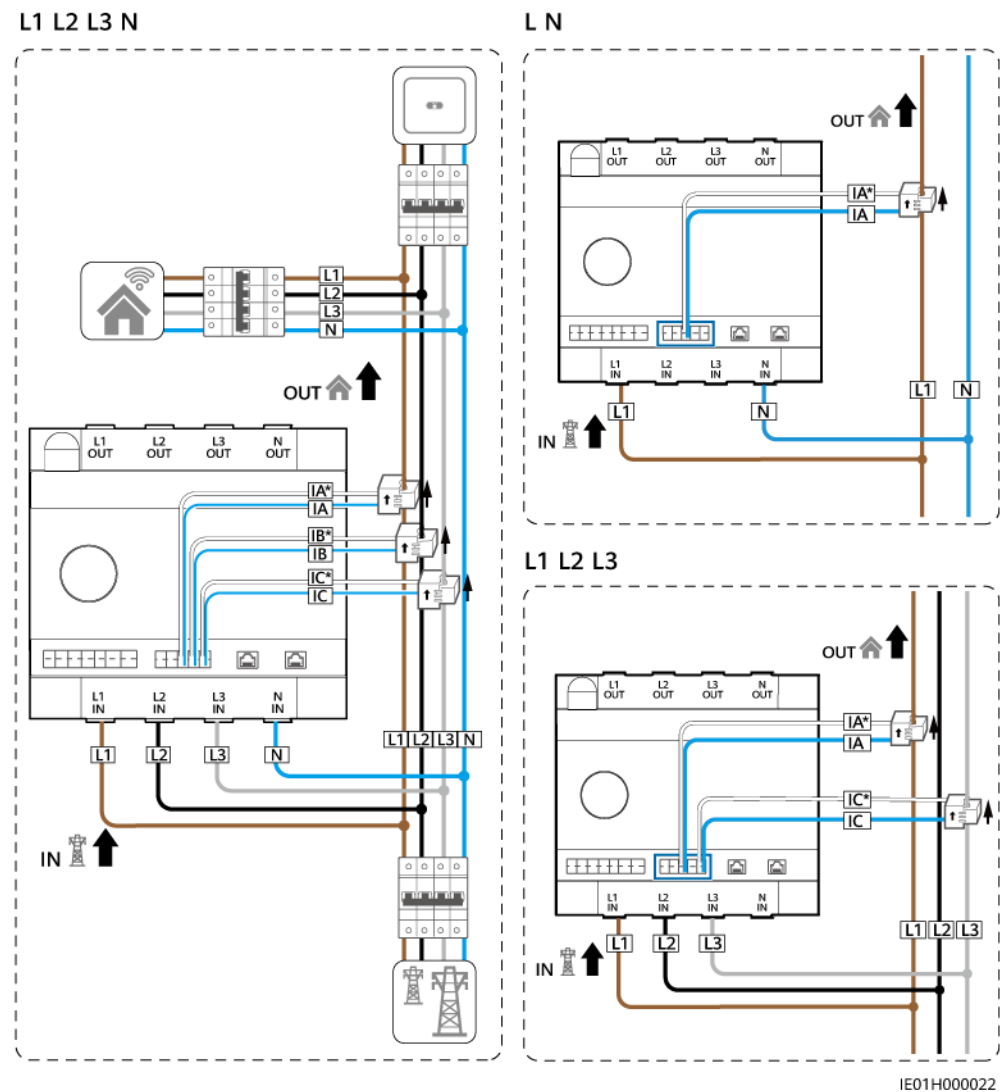
Figure 5-7 Internal CT connection (current ≤ 63 A)



 NOTE

In the single-phase cable connection scenario (L N), you are advised to connect cables to the L1 and N terminals on the EMMA.

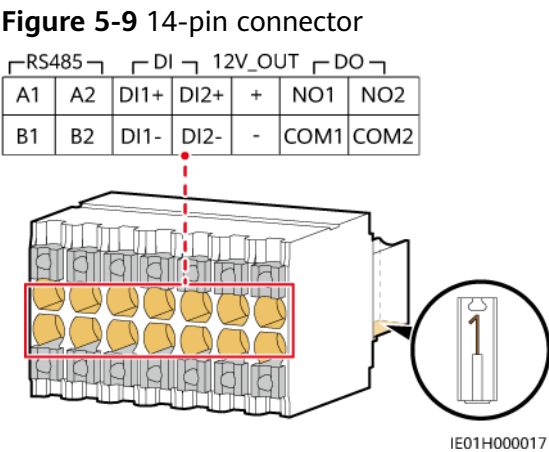
Figure 5-8 External CT connection (current > 63 A)



----End

5.3 Connecting RS485 Communications Cables, DO Signal Cables, and 12 V Output Cables

Context



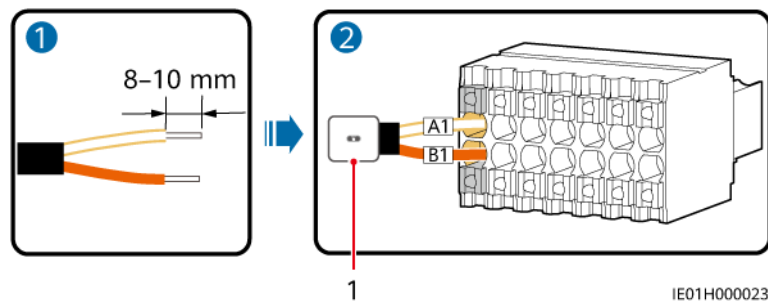
Port	Pin	Function	Description
RS485	RS485A1	RS485A, RS485 differential signal+	Connect to the inverter.
	RS485B1	RS485B, RS485 differential signal-	
	RS485A2	RS485A, RS485 differential signal+	Reserved for connecting to a third-party device.
	RS485B2	RS485B, RS485 differential signal-	
DI	DI1+	Digital input signal 1+	Reserved for two DI ports or dry contacts of the ATS and gensets in the SmartGuard scenario.
	DI1-	Digital input signal 1-	
	DI2+	Digital input signal 2+	
	DI2-	Digital input signal 2-	
12V_OUT	+	12 V power output+	- The rated output power capability is 12 V@100 mA, and the output voltage ranges from 9.5 V to 13.2 V. - The port is used to help the DO control the heat pump.
	-	12 V power output-	

Port	Pin	Function	Description
DO	NO1	Normally open contact for digital output signal 1	- The DO port has two types of dry contacts. The DO contact capacity is 12 V DC@1 A. The NO and COM contacts are normally open. - NO1/COM1 is used to control the heat pump, and NO2/COM2 is reserved.
	COM1	Common contact for digital output signal 1	
	NO2	Normally open contact for digital output signal 2	
	COM2	Common contact for digital output signal 2	

Procedure

Step 1 Connect the RS485 communications cable to the 14-pin connector.

Figure 5-10 Connecting RS485 communications cables



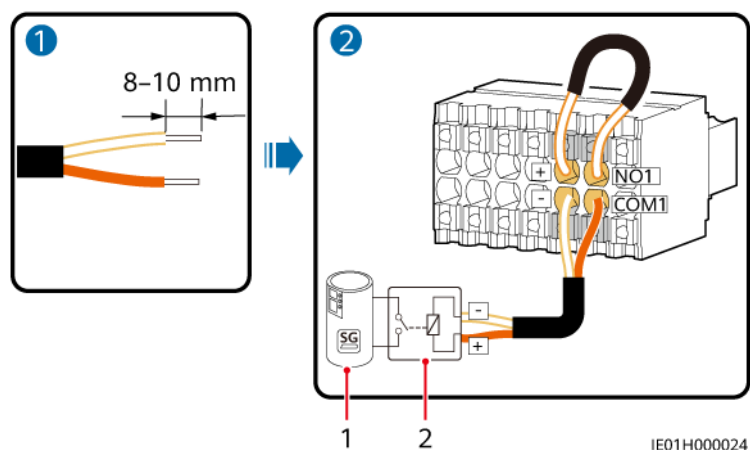
(1) Inverter

Step 2 Connect the DO signal cable or 12 V output cable to the 14-pin connector.

The EMMA can be connected to the SG Ready heat pump through the DO signal cable or 12 V output cable. The EMMA provides two control modes based on the SG Ready heat pump port.

- Mode 1: Use a 12 V@100 mA power supply to drive the external relay. Choose the proper contact capability of the external relay according to the SG Ready heat pump port.

Figure 5-11 Connecting the power DO to the SG Ready heat pump

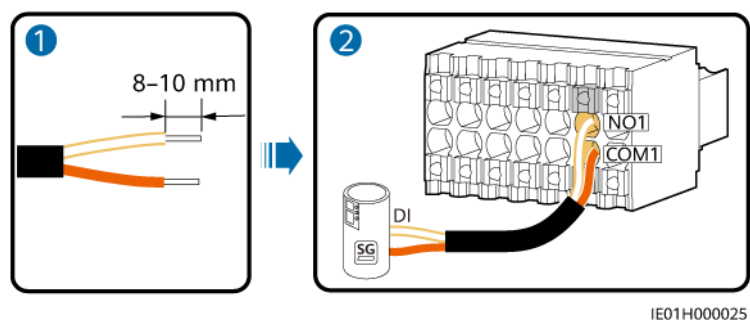


(1) SG Ready heat pump

(2) External relay

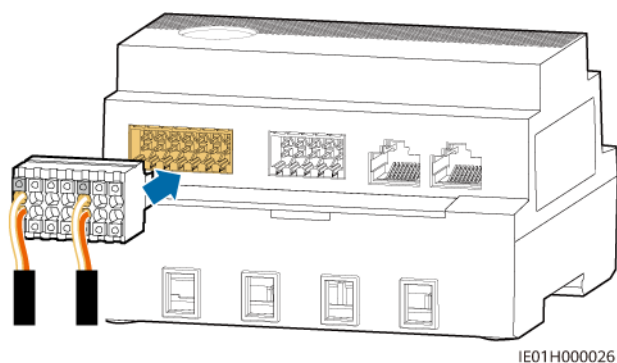
- Mode 2: Use DO dry contacts to directly drive the SG Ready heat pump. The capacity of the DO dry contacts is 12 V DC@1 A.

Figure 5-12 Connecting the signal DO to the SG Ready heat pump



Step 3 Insert the 14-pin signal connector into the EMMA.

Figure 5-13 Installing a 14-pin signal connector



----End

5.4 Installing FE Communications Cables

Context

Table 5-4 FE communications port

Port	Function	Description
LAN	RJ45 network port	Connects to a charger.
WAN	RJ45 network port	Connects to a router.

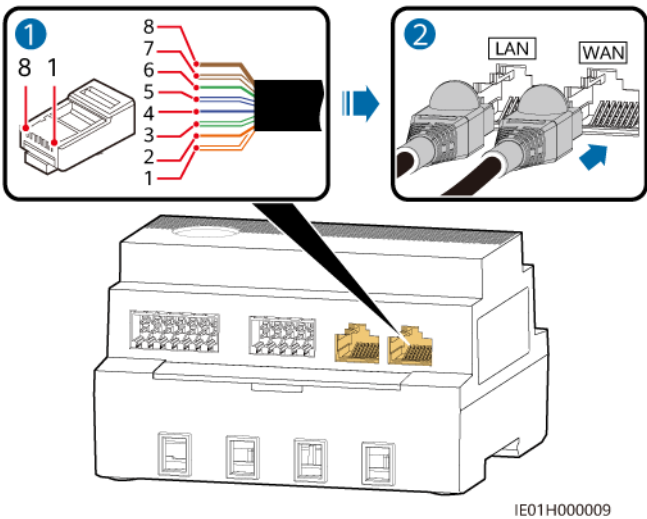
 NOTE

- The EMMA is connected to the router through the FE or WLAN port.
- If there are two chargers, they must be connected to the router only through the FE or WLAN port. Do not connect one charger to the EMMA and the other charger to the router respectively at the same time.

Procedure

Step 1 Connect the FE communications cables.

Figure 5-14 Connecting FE communications cables



- (1) White-and-orange (2) Orange (3) White-and-green (4) Blue
- (5) White-and-blue (6) Green (7) White-and-brown (8) Brown

----End

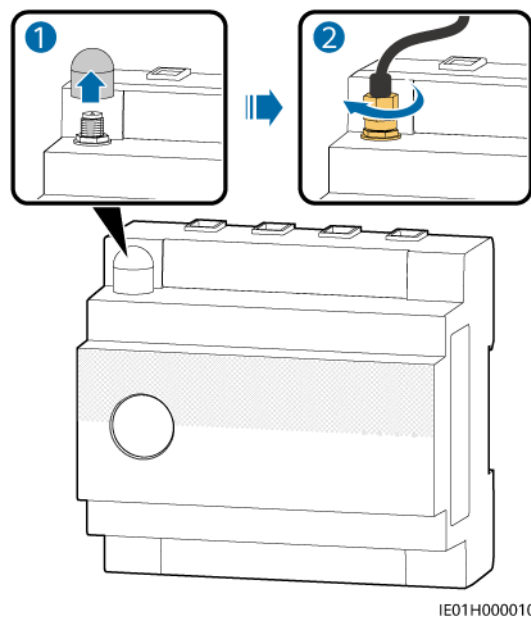
5.5 (Optional) Installing External WLAN Antennas

The EMMA can connect to a WLAN built-in antenna by default. If the signal quality of the power distribution box is poor, an external antenna with the RP-SMA-J port can be configured to enhance the signal quality.

Procedure

- Step 1** Remove the dustproof cap from the ANT port.
- Step 2** Install the external WLAN antenna.

Figure 5-15 Installing a WLAN antenna



-----End

6 Power-On and Commissioning

DANGER

- Wear personal protective equipment and use dedicated insulated tools to avoid electric shocks or short circuits.

NOTICE

Before the equipment is put into operation for the first time, ensure that the parameters are set correctly by professional personnel. Incorrect parameter settings may result in noncompliance with local grid connection requirements and affect the normal operations of the equipment.

6.1 Check Before Power-On

No.	Expected Result
1	The EMMA is installed correctly and securely.
2	All cables are connected securely.
3	Power cables and signal cables are routed according to the requirements for routing electrical and ELV cables and in compliance with the cable routing plan.
4	Cables are bound neatly, and cable ties are secured evenly and properly in the same direction.
5	There are no unnecessary adhesive tapes or cable ties on cables.

6.2 Powering On the EMMA

 DANGER

- Wear personal protective equipment and use dedicated insulated tools to avoid electric shocks or short circuits.

NOTICE

Before the equipment is put into operation for the first time, ensure that the parameters are set correctly by professional personnel. Incorrect parameter settings may result in noncompliance with local grid connection requirements and affect the normal operations of the equipment.

Procedure

- Step 1** Turn on the main circuit breaker between the EMMA and the grid.
- Step 2** Turn on the AC switch between the EMMA and the inverter.
- Step 3** Observe the LED indicators on the EMMA to check its running status.

Table 6-1 LED indicator description

Indicator	Status	Description
Running status indicator 	Off	The EMMA is not powered on.
	Steady green	The EMMA is powered on and running.
Alarm indicator 	Off	No alarm is raised.
	Blinking red slowly (on for 1s and then off for 4s)	A warning or minor alarm is generated.
	Blinking red fast (on for 0.5s and then off for 0.5s)	A major alarm is generated.
	Steady red	A critical alarm is generated.

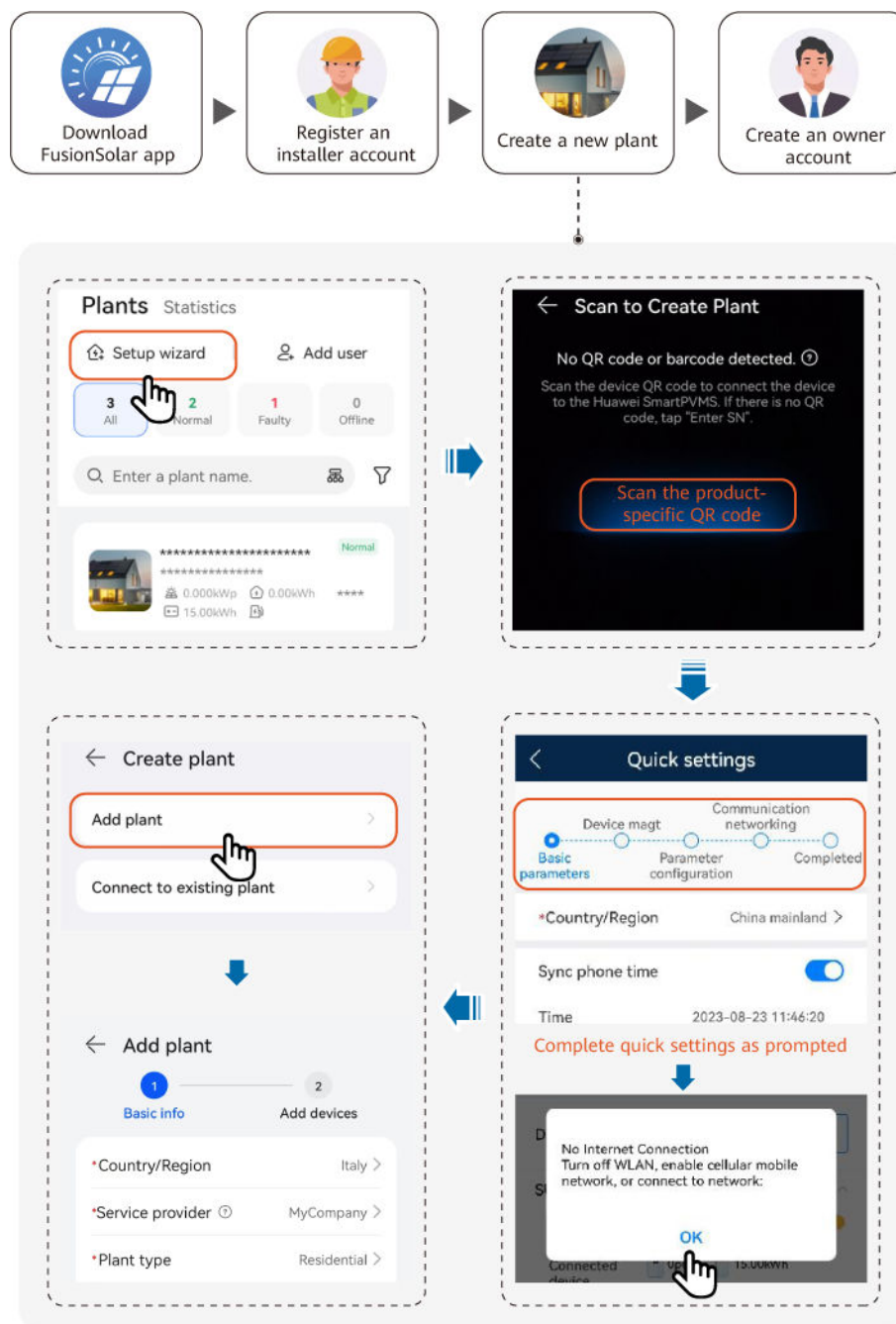
Indicator	Status	Description
Communication status indicator 	Off	The EMMA has no communication with the management system.
	Blinking green slowly (on for 1s and then off for 1s)	The communication between the EMMA and the management system is normal.
	Blinking green fast (on for 0.125s and then off for 0.125s)	The communication between the EMMA and the management system is interrupted.

----End

6.3 Commissioning the EMMA

6.3.1 Deploying a New Plant

Figure 6-1 Deploying a new plant



 NOTE

For details, see [FusionSolar App Quick Guide \(EMMA\)](#), or scan the QR code to download the quick guide.



6.3.2 Commissioning Functions

Commission the following functions as needed:

Table 6-2 Commissioning functions

Function	Scenario Description	Procedure
Adding Intelligent Electrical Equipment	Intelligent electrical equipment (such as SG Ready heat pumps and electrical devices controlled by smart switches) in your home can be added to the FusionSolar app for management.	For details, see FusionSolar App Quick Guide (EMMA) , or scan the QR code to download the quick guide. 
Limited Feed-in	If surplus PV power is fed into the grid, the parameter of limited feed-in power can be set to ensure that the feed-in power is within the range specified by the grid company.	
Scheduling via DI Port	Applies to scenarios where the grid company performs remote scheduling through dedicated ripple control receivers. The grid company remotely delivers a scheduling command (%) to the plant with a wireless transmitting apparatus. Then, the wireless receiving apparatus receives the scheduling command and converts it into a DI signal. The EMMA controls the inverter to output the corresponding power.	
Peak Shaving	Applies to areas that have peak demand charges. The capacity control function allows you to lower the peak power drawn from grid in maximum self-consumption or TOU mode during peak hours, reducing electricity fees.	

Function	Scenario Description	Procedure
Setting External WLAN Antenna Parameters	By default, the EMMA has a built-in WLAN antenna. If the signal quality of the power distribution box is poor, install an external antenna to enhance WLAN signals. If an external antenna is used, set the antenna in the built-in WLAN parameters to an external antenna.	

For details about app operations, see [FusionSolar App User Manual](#).

7 Maintenance

DANGER

- Wear personal protective equipment and use dedicated insulated tools to avoid electric shocks or short circuits.
-

WARNING

- Before performing maintenance, power off the equipment, follow the instructions on the delayed discharge label, and wait for a period of time as specified to ensure that the equipment is not energized.
-

7.1 Routine Maintenance

To ensure that the EMMA operates properly for a long term, you are advised to perform routine maintenance as described in this section.

CAUTION

Before performing maintenance operations such as connecting cables, the EMMA must be powered off.

Table 7-1 Maintenance checklist

Check Item	Check Method	Maintenance Interval
Device running status	• Check whether the product is damaged or deformed. • Check whether the indicator status is normal. • Connect to the EMMA through the app and check whether an alarm is generated.	Once every six months
Electrical connection	• Check whether cables are securely connected. • Check whether cables are damaged, especially whether the cable sheath that contacts a metal surface is damaged.	Six months after the first commissioning and then once a year

7.2 Alarm Reference

Alarm severities are defined as follows:

- Critical: Services are severely affected and corrective measures must be taken immediately.
- Major: Service quality is affected and corrective measures must be taken as soon as possible.
- Minor: Services suffer from minor impacts but to prevent more serious impacts, corrective measures should be taken at a proper time or further check is required.
- Warning: Potential faults that may affect services are detected. Further check or diagnosis is required before any corrective measures.

Table 7-2 EMMA alarm reference

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Severity	Possible Cause	Suggestion
4000	Inverter Communication Error	Major	The cable connection between EMMA and the inverter is abnormal.	1. Access the device monitoring menu on the app and locate the inverter experiencing abnormal communication based on the device status indicator. 2. Check whether the inverter is powered on. If it is powered off, the alarm will be automatically cleared after it is powered on. If it is powered on, check whether the cable connection between the inverter and the EMMA is normal.
4001	App Communication Certificate Expired	Minor	1. The device time is incorrectly set. 2. The certificate has expired.	1. Check whether the device time is incorrectly set. If yes, reset or synchronize the system time. 2. Contact your vendor or technical support to apply for a new certificate file and load it.
4002	Management System Certificate Expired	Minor	1. The device time is incorrectly set. 2. The certificate has expired.	1. Check whether the device time is incorrectly set. If yes, reset or synchronize the system time. 2. Contact your vendor or technical support to apply for a new certificate file and load it.
4003	Auxiliary Power Fault	Critical	The auxiliary power supply of EMMA is abnormal.	Contact your vendor or technical support to replace EMMA.
4004	Abnormal DI Instruction	Major	The parameters of active power dispatch via DI port are incorrectly configured.	Check whether the settings in the DI signal configuration table for active power dispatch are complete and meet the requirements of the local power operator. If not, correct the settings.
			The DI cable connection is abnormal.	Check the cable connection between the Ripple Control device and the inverter. Ensure that the Ripple Control device is connected to only one inverter.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Severity	Possible Cause	Suggestion
			The inverter does not support the reporting of dispatch values on DI ports.	Check the inverter software version. If the inverter software does not support the reporting of dispatch values on DI ports, update the inverter software.
			The parameters of reactive power dispatch via DI port are incorrectly configured.	Check whether the settings in the DI signal configuration table for reactive power dispatch are complete and meet the requirements of the local power operator. If not, correct the settings.
4006	Charger Communication Error	Major	1. The cable connection between EMMA and the charger is abnormal. 2. The home router is faulty.	1. Access the device monitoring menu on the app and locate the charger experiencing abnormal communication based on the device status indicator. 2. Check whether the charger is powered off. If it is powered off, the alarm will be automatically cleared after it is powered on. If the charger is powered on, check whether the cable or Wi-Fi connection to the home router is normal.
			1. The EMMA certificate is abnormal. 2. The charger communication certificate is abnormal.	Contact your vendor or technical support to apply for a new certificate file and load it.
4008	BackupBox Communication Error	Major	The cable connection between EMMA and the BackupBox is abnormal.	Check the communications cable between EMMA and the BackupBox. If the cable is loose or disconnected, securely connect it.
4009	Management System Certificate Invalid	Minor	1. The device time is incorrectly set. 2. The certificate file is abnormal or incorrect.	1. Check whether the device time is incorrectly set. If yes, reset or synchronize the system time. 2. Contact your vendor or technical support to apply for a new certificate file and load it.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Severity	Possible Cause	Suggestion
4010	Management System Certificate About to Expire	Warning	1. The device time is incorrectly set. 2. The certificate is about to expire.	1. Check whether the device time is incorrectly set. If yes, reset or synchronize the system time. 2. Contact your vendor or technical support to apply for a new certificate file and load it.
4011	App Communication Certificate Invalid	Minor	1. The device time is incorrectly set. 2. The certificate file is abnormal or incorrect.	1. Check whether the device time is incorrectly set. If yes, reset or synchronize the system time. 2. Contact your vendor or technical support to apply for a new certificate file and load it.
4012	App Communication Certificate Will Expire	Warning	1. The device time is incorrectly set. 2. The certificate is about to expire.	1. Check whether the device time is incorrectly set. If yes, reset or synchronize the system time. 2. Contact your vendor or technical support to apply for a new certificate file and load it.
4013	BackupBox Overload	Major	The power of appliances is too high.	Check whether high-power appliances are started. If yes, shut them down.
4014	On-/Off-Grid Switching Signal Abnormal	Major	The cable connection between the BackupBox and inverter is abnormal.	1. Check the DO cable between the BackupBox and inverter. If the cable is loose or disconnected, securely connect it. 2. If the alarm is not automatically cleared after the cable connection fault is rectified, you need to manually clear the alarm on the app.
4015	Smart Switch Communication Error	Major	The cable connection to the smart switch is abnormal.	1. Access the monitoring menu on the app and locate the smart switch experiencing abnormal communication based on the device status indicator. 2. Check whether the FE cable or Wi-Fi connection between the smart switch and router is normal.

8 Technical Specifications

Ports

AC power input	• 100–240 V; 50 Hz/60 Hz; 63 A (maximum) • 346–415 V; 3W+N; 50 Hz/60 Hz; 63 A (maximum) • 346–415 V; 3W; 50 Hz/60 Hz; 63 A (maximum)
DI port	Two DI ports; passive relay dry contact connection supported; communications cable length ≤ 20 m; cables not routed separately; cables routed through pipes (recommended)
DO port	Two DO ports, NO and COM contacts supported; communications cable length ≤ 20 m; cables not routed separately; cables routed through pipes (recommended)
RS485 port	Two RS485 ports; baud rates: 9600 bit/s, 19200 bit/s, or 115200 bit/s
External CT port	• Three current detection pins: IA, IB, and IC • Secondary side: 50 mA • Primary side: $N \times 50$ A ($N \geq 2$, and N is an integer) • Communications cable length ≤ 30 m; cables not routed separately; cables routed through pipes (recommended)
LAN port	One 10/100 Mbit/s adaptive port; communications cable length ≤ 100 m
WAN port	One 10/100 Mbit/s adaptive port; communications cable length ≤ 100 m
WLAN	RAT and frequency band: 802.11b/g/n (2.412–2.484 GHz)
Current measurement range	• Internal CT connection: ≤ 63 A • External CT connection: > 63 A
Electric energy precision	Class 1 (error within $\pm 1\%$)

Power grid system	Single-phase/Three-phase three-wire/Three-phase four-wire
Output power	- Rated output power: 12 V@100 mA - Output voltage range: 9.5–13.2 V - Communications cable length ≤ 3 m; indoor scenario

General Specifications

Dimensions (H x W x D)	100 mm x 108 mm x 65 mm
Operating temperature	–25°C to +60°C
Relative humidity	5%–95% RH (non-condensing)
Maximum altitude	4000 m (When the altitude is above 2000 m, the temperature decreases by 1°C for each additional 200 m.)
Storage temperature	–40°C to +85°C
Operating power consumption	Typical: 4 W
Ingress protection (IP) rating	IP2X
Installation mode	Power distribution box guide rail installation, DIN 35 mm standard guide rail

A Resetting Passwords

You can use the password resetting function to restore the login password of the local WiFi AP and local installer and user accounts to the initial state.

Tool Preparation

Eject pin

Procedure

Step 1 Use the eject pin to press and hold the RST button on the EMMA for 10s to 60s to reset passwords.

- WiFi AP password

The login password of the WiFi AP is reset to the initial one. You can obtain the initial password (PSW) of the WiFi AP from the laser-engraved silk screen on the EMMA.

NOTE

In some scenarios, the laser-engraved silk screen on the EMMA may be blurred or erased. Therefore, password-free login is supported within 3 minutes after the WiFi AP password is reset.

- Passwords of local installer and user accounts

The login passwords of the local installer and user accounts are reset to the initial ones. You can log in to the local commissioning screen to reset the login passwords.

----End

B Certificate Management and Maintenance

B.1 Preconfigured Certificate Risk Disclaimer

The Huawei-issued certificates preconfigured on Huawei devices during manufacturing are mandatory identity credentials for Huawei devices. The disclaimer statements for using the certificates are as follows:

1. Preconfigured Huawei-issued certificates are used only in the deployment phase, for establishing initial security channels between devices and the customer's network. Huawei does not promise or guarantee the security of preconfigured certificates.
2. The customer shall bear consequences of all security risks and security incidents arising from using preconfigured Huawei-issued certificates as service certificates.
3. A preconfigured Huawei-issued certificate is valid from the manufacturing date until December 29, 2099.
4. Services using a preconfigured Huawei-issued certificate will be interrupted when the certificate expires.
5. It is recommended that customers deploy a PKI system to issue certificates for devices and software on the live network and manage the lifecycle of the certificates. To ensure security, certificates with short validity periods are recommended.

NOTE

You can view the validity period of a preconfigured certificate on the network management system.

B.2 Application Scenarios of Preconfigured Certificates

File Path and Name	Scenario	Replacement
/mnt/home/cert/north_tcpmb_client_cert_old/ca_single_1.crt	Authenticates the validity of the peer NMS for communication through Modbus-TCP.	For details about how to replace a certificate, contact technical support engineers to obtain the corresponding security maintenance manual.
/mnt/home/cert/north_tcpmb_client_cert_old/ca_single_0_0.crt		
/mnt/home/cert/north_tcpmb_client_cert_old/ca_single_2.crt		
/mnt/home/cert/north_tcpmb_client_cert_old/ca_single_0_1.crt		
/mnt/home/cert/tcpmb_server_cert_old/ca_single_1.crt	Authenticates the validity of the peer app when communicating with the mobile app over Modbus-TCP.	
/mnt/home/cert/tcpmb_server_cert_old/ca_single_0_0.crt		
/mnt/home/cert/tcpmb_server_cert_old/ca_single_2.crt		
/mnt/home/cert/tcpmb_server_cert_old/ca_single_0_1.crt		
/mnt/home/cert/ftp_server/ca.crt	Authenticates the validity of the peer charger when communicating with the charger through the BIN protocol.	
/mnt/home/cert/ftp_server/tomcat_client.crt		

C Contact Information

If you have any questions about this product, please contact us.



<https://digitalpower.huawei.com>

Path: **About Us > Contact Us > Service Hotlines**

To ensure faster and better services, we kindly request your assistance in providing the following information:

- Model
- Serial number (SN)
- Software version
- Alarm ID or name
- Brief description of the fault symptom

 NOTE

EU Representative Information: Huawei Technologies Hungary Kft.

Add.: HU-1133 Budapest, Váci út 116-118., 1. Building, 6. floor.

Email: hungary.reception@huawei.com

D Intelligent Customer Service



<https://digitalpower.huawei.com/robotchat/>

E Acronyms and Abbreviations

A	
AC	alternating current
APP	application
C	
CT	current transformer
D	
DC	direct current
DI	digital input
DO	digital output
E	
ETH	Ethernet
G	
GE	gigabit Ethernet

L

LAN local area network

LED light-emitting diode

M

MPP maximum power point

MPPT maximum power point tracking

N

NC normally closed

NO normally open

P

POE power over Ethernet

R

RST reset

S

SOC state of charge

SOH state of health

W

WAN wide area network